

**THE IMPACT OF PERCEIVED RISK, PERCEIVED USEFULNESS,
AND GOVERNMENT SUPPORT TOWARDS CASHLESS
PAYMENT USAGE DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC WITHIN
INDONESIAN UNIVERSITY STUDENT**



SKRIPSI

Disusun untuk Memenuhi Syarat Menyelesaikan Pendidikan Sarjana Terapan
(D-IV) Akuntansi Sektor Publik pada Jurusan Akuntansi
Politeknik Negeri Sriwijaya

Oleh:

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POLITEKNIK NEGERI SRIWIJAYA

PALEMBANG

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DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the work was completed by myself and no portion of the work in this thesis has been submitted in support of any other degree or qualification at this or any other university or educational institution.

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ABSTRACT

THE IMPACT OF PERCEIVED RISK, PERCEIVED USEFULNESS, AND GOVERNMENT SUPPORT TOWARDS CASHLESS PAYMENT USAGE DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC WITHIN INDONESIAN UNIVERSITY STUDENT

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Abstract

The main objective of this study is to examine the impact of using cashless payment during pandemic by using relationships between perceived risk, perceived usefulness, government support and intention to use cashless payment. As the COVID-19 pandemic worsens, people are concerned that a new coronavirus (SARS-Cov2) could be transmitted via physical currency. It pushes them to use cashless payment. Because there has been little research on this topic, the current study adds to the body of knowledge by investigating the effect of perceived risk, perceived usefulness, and government support on customers' intention to use a cashless payment during the COVID-19 outbreak. A quantitative approach was chosen for this study. The primary data was collected by distributing survey questionnaires via Google Form which has filled out by 213 university students in Palembang. The data collection method uses five Likert scale evaluation points. This study is discussed by using descriptive statistics, reliability analysis, correlation analysis and multiple regression. IBM SPSS 28.0 software was used to analyse the data. The findings indicate that the perceived risk and intention to use cashless payment are positively related and are of perceived usefulness and intention to use. In addition, government support also correlates positively. This research has some limitations. To begin with, it was difficult to obtain the number of respondents that I targeted due to a lack of distribution or time to obtain more respondents. Second, I didn't have enough time to finish my thesis because I still had a lot of responsibilities for other subjects. Awareness about this topic can lead to better information in people and consideration of the impact of using cashless payment due to the outbreak. How the pandemic will encourage other researchers to look more deeply into this area, such as cashless payment trends that have been encouraged to use due to the outbreak and future trends.

Keywords: Cashless Payment, Perceived Risk, Perceived Usefulness, Government Suppot, COVID-19

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DEDICATION

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter 1	1
INTRODUCTION.....	1
1.1 Background of the study	1
1.2 Problem statements.....	3
1.3 Research Objective and Questions	5
1.4 Significance of the study	6
1.5 Scope of Study.....	6
1.6 Proposed Chapter Organization.....	7
Chapter 2	8
LITERATURE REVIEW.....	8
2.1 Introduction	8
2.2 Theoretical Literature	8
2.3 Hypothesis Development.....	12
2.4 Theoretical Or Conceptual framework	14
2.5 Conclusion.....	15
Chapter 3	17
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY.....	17
3.1 Introduction	17
3.2 Research Design.....	17
3.3 Population of Interest and Target Sample	18
3.4 Research Instruments, Measurement and Assesment	19
3.5 Data Collection.....	20
3.6 Data Analysis	21
3.7 Variables.....	23
3.8 Conclusion.....	25
Chapter 4	26

DATA ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS	26
4.1 Introduction	26
4.2 Descriptive Statistics	26
4.3 Normality Analysis	29
4.4 Reliability Analysis	30
4.5 Hypothesis Testing	30
4.6 Conclusion	37
 <i>Chapter 5</i>	 38
CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.....	38
5.1 Introduction	38
5.2 Summary of Research Findings	38
5.3 Recommendation.....	39
5.4 Limitations of Study	40
5.5 Future Research	40
5.6 Conclusion	41
 References	 42
 <i>Appendices</i>	 45
Appendix A. Questionnaire Design	45

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix A. Questionnaire Design.....	45
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LIST OF TABLES

Table 3.1: Research Instruments	19
Table 3.2: Questionnaire Design	19
Table 4.1: Descriptive Statistics	27
Table 4.2: Descriptive Statistics	28
Table 4.3: Normality Analysis	29
Table 4.4: Realibility Test (Cronbach's Alpha).....	30
Table 4.5: Correlation Analysis.....	31
Table 4.6: Determination Test.....	34
Table 4.7: ANOVA Test	34
Table 4.8: Determinant Coefficient.....	35
Table 4.9: Summary of the hypothesis testing results.....	36

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2.1. Conceptual Framework.....	14
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