

**LAMPIRAN I**  
**DATA DAN PERHITUNGAN**

**A. DATA PENGAMATAN**

**1. Hasil Analisa Dengan Menggunakan AAS**

**1.1 Analisa Penyerapan Logam Mangan (Mn)**

**Menggunakan *Bottom Ash* dengan Aktivator HCl 0,5 M**

- Berat *bottom ash* : 40 gr
- Volume larutan KMnO<sub>4</sub> : 500 ml

Tabel 11. Data hasil penelitian penyerapan *bottom ash* dengan aktivator HCl 0,5 M terhadap logam mangan (Mn)

<b>Konsentrasi Larutan Artifisial</b>	<b>Waktu Kontak (Menit)</b>	<b>Kandungan Logam Mn (mg/l)</b>
3 ppm	20	2,02
	40	2,01
	60	1,85
	80	1,65
4 ppm	20	3,23
	40	2,80
	60	2,38
	80	2,28
5 ppm	20	3,34
	40	3,67
	60	3,16
	80	2,93

(Sumber: Hasil Analisa Baristand, Juni 2017)

**1.2 Analisa Penyerapan Logam Mangan (Mn)**

**Menggunakan *Bottom Ash* dengan Aktivator NaOH 0,5 M**

- Berat *bottom ash* : 40 gr
- Volume larutan KMnO<sub>4</sub> : 500 ml

Tabel 12. Data hasil penelitian penyerapan *bottom ash* dengan aktivator NaOH 0,5 M terhadap logam mangan (Mn)

<b>Konsentrasi Larutan Artifisial</b>	<b>Waktu Kontak (Menit)</b>	<b>Kandungan Logam Mn (mg/l)</b>
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3 ppm	20	1,88
	40	1,71
	60	1,15
	80	1,14
4 ppm	20	2,91
	40	2,38
	60	2,38
	80	1,55
5 ppm	20	3,74
	40	2,46
	60	2,46
	80	1,80

(Sumber: Hasil Analisa Baristand, Juni 2017)

B.

### PERHITUNGAN

a.

#### Penentuan jumlah mol Mn yang diserap

##### *bottom ash*

V = Larutan artifisial (Liter)

C = Konsentrasi mangan (mg/l)

x = Jumlah mangan yang teradsorpsi (gram)

- ***Bottom ash* dengan aktivator HCl**

##### Larutan artifisial KMnO<sub>4</sub> dengan konsentrasi 3 ppm

V Larutan Sampel awal = 0,5 L

C mangan awal = 3 mg/l

n mangan awal = V C  
= 0,5 L 3 mg/L = 1,5 mg

##### **20 menit**

C mangan = 2,02 mg/l

n mangan akhir = V C  
= 0,5 L 2,02 mg/L = 1,01 mg

x = n awal – n akhir

$$= 1,5 \text{ mg} - 1,01 \text{ mg} = 0,49 \text{ mg}$$

**40 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 2,01 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 2,01 \text{ mg/L} = 1,005 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 1,5 \text{ mg} - 1,005 \text{ mg} = 0,495 \text{ mg}$$

**60 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 1,85 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 1,85 \text{ mg/L} = 0,925 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 1,5 \text{ mg} - 0,925 \text{ mg} = 0,575 \text{ mg}$$

**80 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 1,65 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 1,65 \text{ mg/L} = 0,825 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 1,5 \text{ mg} - 0,825 \text{ mg} = 0,675 \text{ mg}$$

**Larutan artifisial  $\text{KMnO}_4$  dengan konsentrasi 4 ppm**

$$V \text{ Larutan Sampel awal} = 0,5 \text{ L}$$

$$C \text{ mangan awal} = 4 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\begin{aligned} n \text{ mangan awal} &= V \cdot C \\ &= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 4 \text{ mg/L} = 2 \text{ mg} \end{aligned}$$

**20 menit**

$$\begin{aligned} C \text{ mangan} &= 3,23 \text{ mg/L} \\ n \text{ mangan akhir} &= V \cdot C \\ &= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 3,23 \text{ mg/L} = 1,615 \text{ mg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir} \\ &= 2 \text{ mg} - 1,615 \text{ mg} = 0,385 \text{ mg} \end{aligned}$$

**40 menit**

$$\begin{aligned} C \text{ mangan} &= 2,80 \text{ mg/L} \\ n \text{ mangan akhir} &= V \cdot C \\ &= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 2,80 \text{ mg/L} = 1,4 \text{ mg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir} \\ &= 2 \text{ mg} - 1,4 \text{ mg} = 0,6 \text{ mg} \end{aligned}$$

**60 menit**

$$\begin{aligned} C \text{ mangan} &= 2,38 \text{ mg/L} \\ n \text{ mangan akhir} &= V \cdot C \\ &= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 2,38 \text{ mg/L} = 1,19 \text{ mg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir} \\ &= 2 \text{ mg} - 1,9 \text{ mg} = 0,81 \text{ mg} \end{aligned}$$

**80 menit**

$$\begin{aligned}
 C \text{ mangan} &= 2,28 \text{ mg/L} \\
 n \text{ mangan akhir} &= V C \\
 &= 0,5 \text{ L } 2,28 \text{ mg/L} = 1,14 \text{ mg} \\
 x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir} \\
 &= 2 \text{ mg} - 1,14 \text{ mg} = 0,86 \text{ mg}
 \end{aligned}$$

**Larutan artifisial  $\text{KMnO}_4$  dengan konsentrasi 5 ppm**

$$\begin{aligned}
 V \text{ Larutan Sampel awal} &= 0,5 \text{ L} \\
 C \text{ mangan awal} &= 5 \text{ mg/l} \\
 n \text{ mangan awal} &= V C \\
 &= 500 \text{ ml } 5 \text{ mg/l} = 2,5 \text{ mg}
 \end{aligned}$$

**20 menit**

$$\begin{aligned}
 C \text{ mangan} &= 3,34 \text{ mg/L} \\
 n \text{ mangan akhir} &= V C \\
 &= 0,5 \text{ L } 3,34 \text{ mg/L} = 1,67 \text{ mg} \\
 x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir} \\
 &= 2,5 \text{ mg} - 1,67 \text{ mg} = 0,83 \text{ mg}
 \end{aligned}$$

**40 menit**

$$\begin{aligned}
 C \text{ mangan} &= 3,67 \text{ mg/L} \\
 n \text{ mangan akhir} &= V C \\
 &= 0,5 \text{ L } 3,67 \text{ mg/L} = 1,835 \text{ mg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2,5 \text{ mg} - 1,835 \text{ mg} = 0,665 \text{ mg}$$

**60 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 3,16 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 3,16 \text{ mg/L} = 1,58 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2,5 \text{ mg} - 1,58 \text{ mg} = 0,92 \text{ mg}$$

**80 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 2,93 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 2,93 \text{ mg/L} = 1,465 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2,5 \text{ mg} - 1,465 \text{ mg} = 1,035 \text{ mg}$$

– *Bottom ash* dengan aktivator NaOH

**Larutan artifisial KMnO<sub>4</sub> dengan konsentrasi 3 ppm**

$$V \text{ Larutan Sampel awal} = 0,5 \text{ L}$$

$$C \text{ mangan awal} = 3 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$n \text{ mangan awal} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 3 \text{ mg/L} = 1,5 \text{ mg}$$

**20 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 1,88 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 1,88 \text{ mg/L} = 0,98 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 1,5 \text{ mg} - 0,98 \text{ mg} = 0,56 \text{ mg}$$

**40 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 1,71 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 1,71 \text{ mg/L} = 0,855 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 1,5 \text{ mg} - 0,855 \text{ mg} = 0,645 \text{ mg}$$

**60 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 1,15 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 1,15 \text{ mg/L} = 0,575 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 1,5 \text{ mg} - 0,575 \text{ mg} = 0,925 \text{ mg}$$

**80 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 1,14 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 1,14 \text{ mg/L} = 0,57 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 1,5 \text{ mg} - 0,57 \text{ mg} = 0,93 \text{ mg}$$

**Larutan artifisial  $\text{KMnO}_4$  dengan konsentrasi 4 ppm**

$$V \text{ Larutan Sampel awal} = 0,5 \text{ L}$$

$$C \text{ mangan awal} = 4 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan awal} = V C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 4 \text{ mg/L} = 2 \text{ mg}$$

**20 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 2,91 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 2,91 \text{ mg/L} = 1,455 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2 \text{ mg} - 1,455 \text{ mg} = 0,545 \text{ mg}$$

**40 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 2,38 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L} \cdot 2,38 \text{ mg/L} = 1,19 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2 \text{ mg} - 1,19 \text{ mg} = 0,81 \text{ mg}$$

**60 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 2,38 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V C$$



$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 2,38 \text{ mg/L} = 1,19 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2 \text{ mg} - 1,9 \text{ mg} = 0,81 \text{ mg}$$

### **80 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 1,55 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 1,55 \text{ mg/L} = 0,775 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2 \text{ mg} - 0,775 \text{ mg} = 1,225 \text{ mg}$$

### **Larutan artifisial KMnO<sub>4</sub> dengan konsentrasi 5 ppm**

$$V \text{ Larutan Sampel awal} = 0,5 \text{ L}$$

$$C \text{ mangan awal} = 5 \text{ mg/l}$$

$$n \text{ mangan awal} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 500 \text{ ml } 5 \text{ mg/l} = 2,5 \text{ mg}$$

### **20 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 3,74 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V \cdot C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 3,74 \text{ mg/L} = 1,87 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2,5 \text{ mg} - 1,87 \text{ mg} = 0,63 \text{ mg}$$

**40 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 2,46 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 2,46 \text{ mg/L} = 1,23 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2,5 \text{ mg} - 1,23 \text{ mg} = 1,27 \text{ mg}$$

**60 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 1,73 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 1,73 \text{ mg/L} = 0,865 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2,5 \text{ mg} - 0,865 \text{ mg} = 1,635 \text{ mg}$$

**80 menit**

$$C \text{ mangan} = 1,80 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$n \text{ mangan akhir} = V C$$

$$= 0,5 \text{ L } 1,80 \text{ mg/L} = 0,9 \text{ mg}$$

$$x = n \text{ awal} - n \text{ akhir}$$

$$= 2,5 \text{ mg} - 0,9 \text{ mg} = 1,6 \text{ mg}$$

**b. Penentuan jumlah mol Mn yang diserap *bottom ash***

Tabel 13. Data Variabel Persamaan Adsorpsi Isoterm *Freundlich*  
Menggunakan *Bottom Ash* Dengan Aktivator HCl 0,5 M

Konsentras	<i>m bottom</i>	Konsentrasi
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i	x	ash (gr)	Mn (mg/l)	x/m	log x/m	log C
Larutan Artifisial						
3 ppm	0,49	40	2,02	0,0122	-1,9136	0,3053
	0,495	40	2,01	0,0123	-1,9100	0,3031
	0,575	40	1,85	0,0143	-1,8446	0,2671
	0,675	40	1,65	0,0168	-1,7746	0,2174
4 ppm	0,385	40	3,23	0,0962	-1,0168	0,5092
	0,6	40	2,80	0,015	-1,8239	0,4471
	0,81	40	2,38	0,0202	-1,6946	0,3765
	0,86	40	2,28	0,0215	-1,6675	0,3579
5 ppm	0,83	40	3,34	0,0207	-1,6840	0,5237
	0,665	40	3,67	0,0166	-1,7798	0,5646
	0,92	40	3,16	0,023	-1,6382	0,4996
	1,035	40	2,93	0,0258	-1,5883	0,4668

Tabel 14. Data Variabel Persamaan Adsorpsi Isoterm *Freundlich*  
Menggunakan *Bottom Ash* Dengan Aktivator NaOH 0,5 M

Konsentras i	x	m bottom ash (gr)	Konsentrasi Mn (mg/l)	x/m	log x/m	log C
Larutan Artifisial						
3 ppm	0,56	40	1,88	0,014	-1,8538	0,2741
	0,645	40	1,71	0,0161	-1,7931	0,2329
	0,925	40	1,15	0,0231	-1,6363	0,0606
	0,93	40	1,14	0,0232	-1,6345	0,0569
4 ppm	0,545	40	2,91	0,0136	-1,8664	0,4638
	0,81	40	2,38	0,0202	-1,6946	0,3765
	0,81	40	2,38	0,0202	-1,6946	0,3765
	1,225	40	1,55	0,0306	-1,5142	0,1903
5 ppm	0,63	40	3,74	0,0157	-1,8041	0,5728
	1,27	40	2,46	0,0317	-1,4989	0,3909
	1,635	40	1,73	0,0408	-1,3893	0,2380
	1,6	40	1,80	0,04	-1,3979	0,2552

c. **Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi dengan menggunakan  
*bottom ash* aktivator HCl 0,5 M**

$C_0$  = Konsentrasi awal larutan Mn (mg/l)

$C_e$  = Konsentrasi akhir larutan Mn (mg/l)

**Larutan artifisial  $KMnO_4$  dengan konsentrasi 3 ppm**

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi =

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi =

**Larutan artifisial  $KMnO_4$  dengan konsentrasi 4 ppm**

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi =

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi =

**Larutan artifisial  $KMnO_4$  dengan konsentrasi 5 ppm**

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi =

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi = %

d. **Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi dengan menggunakan  
*bottom ash* aktivator NaOH 0,5 M**

$C_0$  = Konsentrasi awal larutan Mn (mg/l)

$C_e$  = Konsentrasi akhir larutan Mn (mg/l)

**Larutan artifisial  $KMnO_4$  dengan konsentrasi 3 ppm**

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi =

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi =

**Larutan artifisial  $KMnO_4$  dengan konsentrasi 4 ppm**

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi =

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi =

**Larutan artifisial  $\text{KMnO}_4$  dengan konsentrasi 5 ppm**

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi =

Kadar logam Mn yang teradsorpsi = %