

LAMPIRAN I
DATA HASIL PENELITIAN

1. Data Hasil Analisa Pulp

Bahan Baku : Tandan Kosong Kelapa Sawit dan Eceng Gondok
Berat Sampel : 2 gram
Temperatur Operasi : 65°C

Tabel 8. Data Analisa Bahan Baku Tandan Kosong Kelapa Sawit

Jenis Analisa	Persentase (%)
Kadar Lignin	19,01
Kadar Selulosa	40,10
Kadar Air	15,18
Kadar Abu	12

Tabel 9. Data Analisa Bahan Baku Eceng Gondok

Jenis Analisa	Persentase (%)
Kadar Lignin	7,69
Kadar Selulosa	64,51
Kadar Air	12,32
Kadar Abu	10,30

2. Hasil Analisa Pembuatan *Pulp*

Tabel 10. Hasil analisa pembuatan *pulp*

No	Komposisi Bahan Baku (Eceng gondok : Tkks)	Temperatur Pemasakan (°C)	Rendemen <i>Pulp</i> (%)	Kadar Abu (%)	Kadar Air (%)	Kadar Selulosa (%)	Kadar Lignin (%)
1	8 : 2	55	70,18	3,51	7,14	71,33	4,36
2	7 : 3		72,25	4,04	7,67	72,01	5,86
3	6 : 4		71,42	4,68	8,23	72,45	7,01
4	5 : 5		73,75	5,26	8,73	73,65	7,80
5	4 : 6		75,56	6,17	9,17	75,87	9,11
6	8 : 2	65	79,50	2,50	6,45	70,70	5,67
7	7 : 3		79,15	4,35	7,20	68,89	7,77
8	6 : 4		79,90	5,08	8,95	71,90	8,83
9	5 : 5		79,56	5,60	9,17	71,29	9,37
10	4 : 6		78,62	8,49	8,20	75,00	10,15
11	8 : 2	75	73,10	4,01	3,10	71,10	8,43
12	7 : 3		74,78	3,35	4,45	74,33	9,36
13	6 : 4		75,05	4,72	5,25	78,88	10,16
14	5 : 5		76,45	5,00	5,98	77,60	10,56
15	4 : 6		77,72	6,70	6,13	76,50	11,28

LAMPIRAN II PERHITUNGAN

1. Perhitungan Komposisi Bahan Baku Pembuatan *Pulp*

- **Komposisi 80 : 20 dalam 30 gram**

$$\text{Eceng Gondok (a)} = 80 \%$$

$$\text{Tandan Kosong Kelapa Sawit (b)} = 20 \%$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Sampel Eceng Gondok} &= \frac{\text{Persen Eceng Gondok}}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\ &= \frac{80 \%}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\ &= 24 \text{ gram} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Sampel TKKS} &= \frac{\text{Persen TKKS}}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\ &= \frac{20 \%}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\ &= 6 \text{ gram} \end{aligned}$$

- **Komposisi 70 : 30 dalam 30 gram**

$$\text{Eceng Gondok (a)} = 70 \%$$

$$\text{Tandan Kosong Kelapa Sawit (b)} = 30 \%$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Sampel Eceng Gondok} &= \frac{\text{Persen Eceng Gondok}}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\ &= \frac{70 \%}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\ &= 21 \text{ gram} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Sampel TKKS} &= \frac{\text{Persen TKKS}}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\ &= \frac{30 \%}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\ &= 9 \text{ gram} \end{aligned}$$

- **Komposisi 60 : 40 dalam 30 gram**

$$\text{Eceng Gondok (a)} = 60 \%$$

$$\text{Tandan Kosong Kelapa Sawit (b)} = 40 \%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat Sampel Eceng Gondok} &= \frac{\text{Persen Eceng Gondok}}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= \frac{60 \%}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= 18 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat Sampel TKKS} &= \frac{\text{Persen TKKS}}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= \frac{40 \%}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= 12 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

- **Komposisi 50 : 50 dalam 30 gram**

$$\text{Eceng Gondok (a)} = 50 \%$$

$$\text{Tandan Kosong Kelapa Sawit (b)} = 50 \%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat Sampel Eceng Gondok} &= \frac{\text{Persen Eceng Gondok}}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= \frac{50 \%}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= 15 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat Sampel TKKS} &= \frac{\text{Persen TKKS}}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= \frac{50 \%}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= 15 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

- **Komposisi 80 : 20 dalam 30 gram**

$$\text{Eceng Gondok (a)} = 40 \%$$

$$\text{Tandan Kosong Kelapa Sawit (b)} = 60 \%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat Sampel Eceng Gondok} &= \frac{\text{Persen Eceng Gondok}}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= \frac{40 \%}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= 12 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat Sampel TKKS} &= \frac{\text{Persen TKKS}}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= \frac{60 \%}{100 \%} \times 30 \text{ gram} \\
 &= 18 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

2.1 Perhitungan Analisa Bahan Baku

2.1.1 Tandan Kosong Kelapa Sawit

1. Kadar Air

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Temperatur} &= 105^{\circ}\text{C} \\
 \text{Waktu} &= 1 \text{ jam} \\
 \text{Berat kering} &= 1,696 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar air} &= \frac{\text{berat awal} - \text{berat akhir}}{\text{berat awal}} \times 100 \% \\
 &= \frac{(2 - 1,696) \text{ gr}}{2 \text{ gr}} \times 100 \% \\
 &= 15,18 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Kadar Abu

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering} &= 0,24 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar abu} &= \frac{\text{berat kering}}{\text{berat awal}} \times 100 \% \\
 &= \frac{0,24 \text{ gr}}{2 \text{ gr}} \times 100 \% \\
 &= 12 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

3. Kadar Selulosa

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat endapan kering} &= 0,802 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{\text{berat kering}}{\text{berat awal}} \times 100 \% \\
 &= \frac{0,802 \text{ gr}}{2 \text{ gr}} \times 100 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 12 \%$$

4. Kadar Lignin

$$\text{Berat sampel awal} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kertas saring} = 0,3517 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kertas saring + endapan} = 0,7319 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat endapan} = 0,3802 \text{ gram}$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar Lignin} = \frac{\text{berat endapan}}{\text{berat awal}} \times 100 \%$$

$$= \frac{0,3802 \text{ gr}}{2 \text{ gr}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 19,01 \%$$

2.1.2 Eceng Gondok

1. Kadar Air

$$\text{Berat sampel awal} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Temperatur} = 105^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$\text{Waktu} = 1 \text{ jam}$$

$$\text{Berat kering} = 1,753 \text{ gram}$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar air} = \frac{\text{berat awal} - \text{berat akhir}}{\text{berat awal}} \times 100 \%$$

$$= \frac{(2 - 1,753) \text{ gr}}{2 \text{ gr}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 12,32 \%$$

2. Kadar Abu

$$\text{Berat sampel awal} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering} = 0,206 \text{ gram}$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar abu} = \frac{\text{berat kering}}{\text{berat awal}} \times 100 \%$$

$$= \frac{0,206 \text{ gr}}{2 \text{ gr}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 10,30 \%$$

3. Kadar Selulosa

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat endapan kering} &= 1,290 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{\text{berat kering}}{\text{berat awal}} \times 100 \% \\
 &= \frac{1,290 \text{ gr}}{2 \text{ gr}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 64,51 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Kadar Lignin

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring} &= 0,3716 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring + endapan} &= 0,5254 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat endapan} &= 0,1538 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{\text{berat endapan}}{\text{berat awal}} \times 100 \% \\
 &= \frac{0,1538\text{gr}}{2 \text{ gr}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 7,69 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2.2 Analisa Rendemen Pulp

2.2.1 Rendemen pulp pada temperatur 55°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 30 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat pulp kering (b)} &= 21,054 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{21,054 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 70,18 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 30 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat pulp kering (b)} &= 21,675 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{21,675 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 72,25 \% \end{aligned}$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 30 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat pulp kering (b)} = 21,426 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{21,426 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 71,42 \% \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 30 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 22,125 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{22,125 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 73,75 \% \end{aligned}$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 30 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat pulp kering (b)} = 22,728 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{22,728 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 75,56 \% \end{aligned}$$

2.2.2 Rendemen pulp pada temperatur 65°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 30 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat pulp kering (b)} &= 23,715 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{23,715 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 79,05 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 30 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat pulp kering (b)} &= 23,745 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{23,745 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 79,15 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 30 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat pulp kering (b)} &= 21,324 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{21,324 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 71,08 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 30 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat pulp kering (b)} &= 23,869 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{24,869 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 79,565 \%$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 30 gram

Berat pulp kering (b) = 23,586 gram

$$\% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{23,586 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 78,62 \%$$

2.2.3 Rendemen pulp pada temperatur 75°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 30 gram

Berat pulp kering (b) = 23,745 gram

$$\% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{23,745 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 79,15 \%$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 30 gram

Berat pulp kering (b) = 24,235 gram

$$\% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{24,235 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 80,78 \%$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 30 gram

Berat pulp kering (b) = 22,515 gram

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{22,515 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 75,05 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 30 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat pulp kering (b)} = 22,935 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{22,935 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 76,45 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 30 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat pulp kering (b)} = 23,316 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Rendemen Pulp} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{23,316 \text{ gram}}{30 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 77,72 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2.3 Analisa Kadar Air

2.3.1 Kadar air pada temperatur 55°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,8572 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{1,8572 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 7,14 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,8466 \text{ gram}$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar Air} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{1,8466 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 7,67 \%$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,8154 \text{ gram}$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar Air} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{1,8154 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 8,23 \%$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,8254 \text{ gram}$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar Air} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{1,8254 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 8,73 \%$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,8166 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{1,8166 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 9,17 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2.3.2 Kadar air pada temperatur 65°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,871 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{1,871 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 6,45 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,8558 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{1,8588 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 7,205 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,821 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{1,821 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 8,95 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 1,8166 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{1,8166 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 9,17 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 1,8360 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{1,8360 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 8,20 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2.3.3 Kadar air pada temperatur 75°C**1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 1,969 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{1,969 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 3,10 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 1,955 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{1,955 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 4,45 \% \end{aligned}$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,947 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{1,947 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 5,25 \% \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,940 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{1,940 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 5,98 \% \end{aligned}$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat kering (b)} = 1,938 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Air} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{1,938 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 6,13 \% \end{aligned}$$

2.4 Analisa Kadar Abu

2.4.1 Kadar abu pada temperatur 55°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 0,0702 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Abu} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{0,0702 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 3,51 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 0,0808 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Abu} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{0,0808 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 4,04\%
 \end{aligned}$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 0,093 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Abu} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{0,093 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 4,68 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 0,1056 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Abu} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{0,1056 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 5,28 \%$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kering (b) = 0,1234 gram

% Kadar Abu = $\frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$

$$= \frac{0,1234 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 6,17 \%$$

2.4.2 Kadar abu pada temperatur 65°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kering (b) = 0,0500 gram

% Kadar Abu = $\frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$

$$= \frac{0,0500 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 2,50 \%$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kering (b) = 0,087 gram

% Kadar Abu = $\frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$

$$= \frac{0,087 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 4,35 \%$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 0,1016 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Abu} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{0,1016 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 5,08 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 0,112 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Abu} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{0,112 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 5,6 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 0,1698 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Abu} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{0,1698 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 8,49 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2.4.3 Kadar abu pada temperatur 75°C**1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kering (b)} &= 0,0802 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Abu} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{0,0802 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 4,01 \%$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kering (b) = 0,067 gram

$$\% \text{ Kadar Abu} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{0,067 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 3,35 \%$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kering (b) = 0,0945 gram

$$\% \text{ Kadar Abu} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{0,0945 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 4,72 \%$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kering (b) = 0,10 gram

$$\% \text{ Kadar Abu} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{0,10 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 5 \%$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kering (b) = 0,134 gram

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Abu} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{0,134 \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 6,7 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2.5 Analisa Kadar Lignin

2.5.1 Kadar lignin pada temperatur 55°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring (b)} &= 0,3335 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c)} &= 0,4207 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(0,4207 - 0,3335) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 4,36 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring (b)} &= 0,3543 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c)} &= 0,4715 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(0,4715 - 0,3543) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 5,86 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring (b)} &= 0,3425 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c)} &= 0,4827 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(0,4827 - 0,3425) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 7,01 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring (b)} &= 0,3515 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c)} &= 0,5075 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(0,5075 - 0,3515) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 7,80 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring (b)} &= 0,3435 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c)} &= 0,5257 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(0,5257 - 0,3435) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 9,11 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2.5.2 Kadar lignin pada temperatur 65°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring (b)} &= 0,3405 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c)} &= 0,4539 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar Lignin} = \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{(0,4539 - 0,3405) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 5,67 \%$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram
 Berat kertas saring (b) = 0,3520 gram
 Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c) = 0,5074 gram

$$\% \text{ Kadar Lignin} = \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{(0,5074 - 0,3520) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 7,77 \%$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram
 Berat kertas saring (b) = 0,3459 gram
 Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c) = 0,5225 gram

$$\% \text{ Kadar Lignin} = \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{(0,5225 - 0,3459) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 8,83 \%$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram
 Berat kertas saring (b) = 0,3485 gram
 Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c) = 0,5359 gram

$$\% \text{ Kadar Lignin} = \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{(0,3475 - 0,5359) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 9,37 \%$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kertas saring (b) = 0,3379 gram

Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c) = 0,5409 gram

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{(0,5409 - 0,3379) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 10,5 \% \end{aligned}$$

2.5.3 Kadar lignin pada temperatur 75°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kertas saring (b) = 0,3360 gram

Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c) = 0,5046 gram

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{(0,5046 - 0,3360) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 8,43 \% \end{aligned}$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kertas saring (b) = 0,3638 gram

Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c) = 0,5510 gram

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{(0,5510 - 0,3638) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 9,36 \% \end{aligned}$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kertas saring (b) = 0,3445 gram

Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c) = 0,5477 gram

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{(0,5477 - 0,3445) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 10,16 \% \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kertas saring (b) = 0,3475 gram

Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c) = 0,5587 gram

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{(0,5587 - 0,3475) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 10,56 \% \end{aligned}$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat kertas saring (b) = 0,3516 gram

Berat kertas saring + endapan lignin (c) = 0,5772 gram

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Lignin} &= \frac{(c) - (b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{(0,5772 - 0,3516) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 11,26 \% \end{aligned}$$

2.6 Analisa Kadar Selulosa

2.6.1 Kadar selulosa pada temperatur 55°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} &= 1,4266 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(1,4266) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 71,33 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} &= 1,4402 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(1,4402) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 72,01 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} &= 1,4490 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(1,4490 \text{ gram})}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 72,45 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} &= 1,4730 \text{ gram} \\
 \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(1,4730) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 73,65 \%$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} = 1,5174 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{(1,5174) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 75,87 \% \end{aligned}$$

2.6.2 Kadar selulosa pada temperatur 65°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} = 1,4140 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{(1,4140) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 70,70 \% \end{aligned}$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} = 1,3778 \text{ gram}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{(1,3778) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\ &= 68,89 \% \end{aligned}$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\text{Berat sampel awal (a)} = 2 \text{ gram}$$

$$\text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} = 1,4380 \text{ gram}$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{(1,4380) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 71,9 \%$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat endapan selulosa (b) = 1,4258 gram

$$\% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{(1,4258) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 71,29 \%$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat endapan selulosa (b) = 1,5000 gram

$$\% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{(1,5012) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 75,00 \%$$

2.6.3 Kadar selulosa pada temperatur 75°C

1. Komposisi 8 : 2 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat endapan selulosa (b) = 1,4222 gram

$$\% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} = \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{(1,4222) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$= 71,10 \%$$

2. Komposisi 7 : 3 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

Berat sampel awal (a) = 2 gram

Berat endapan selulosa (b) = 1,2567 gram

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(1,2567) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 74,33 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

3. Komposisi 6 : 4 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} &= 1,2112 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(1,2112) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 78,88 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Komposisi 5 : 5 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} &= 1,2240 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(1,2240) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 77,60 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

5. Komposisi 4 : 6 (eceng gondok : tandan kosong kelapa sawit)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat sampel awal (a)} &= 2 \text{ gram} \\
 \text{Berat endapan selulosa (b)} &= 1,2350 \text{ gram}
 \end{aligned}$$

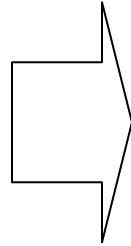
$$\begin{aligned}
 \% \text{ Kadar Selulosa} &= \frac{(b)}{(a)} \times 100\% \\
 &= \frac{(1,2350) \text{ gram}}{2 \text{ gram}} \times 100\% \\
 &= 76,50 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

LAMPIRAN III

TAHAP PROSES PEMBUATAN *PULP*



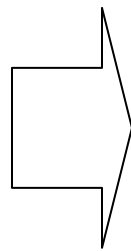
Tandan Kosong Kelapa Sawit



TKKS yang telah dipotong dan dikeringkan di bawah Sinar Matahari



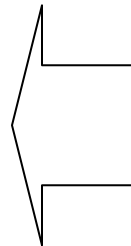
Eceng Gondok kering setelah di potong



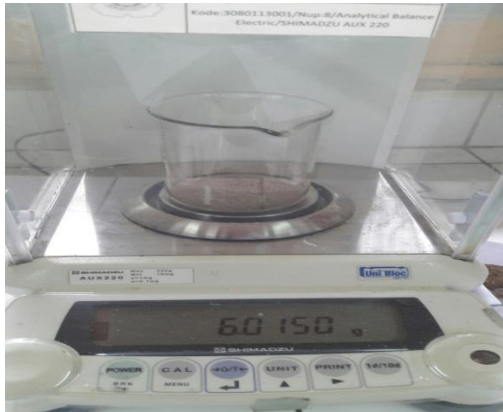
TKKS dihaluskan dengan blender



Penimbangan sampel TKKS yang telah halus



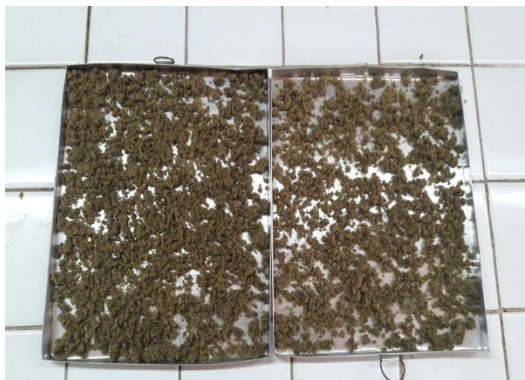
EG dihaluskan dengan blender



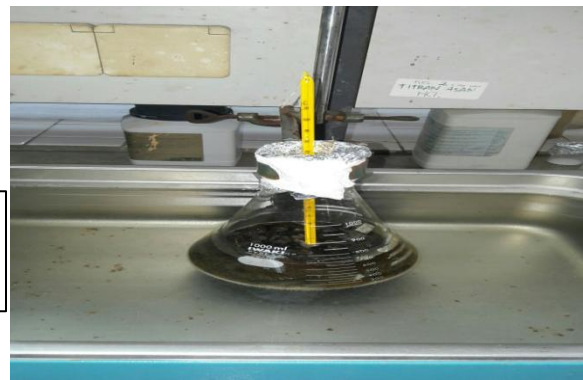
Penimbangan sampel EG yang telah halus



Penambahan pelarut methanol ke campuran



Sebagian Sampel yang telah dimasak di keringkan



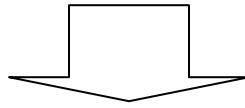
Pemasakan Sampel dengan Suhu dan Komposisi yang berbeda



Sebagian lagi di cuci dengan aquadest untuk menghilangkan kandungan *black liquor*



Setelah disaring kemudian dicetak diatas cetakan dari screen sablon



Proses Pencetakan *Pulp* yang di cetak menggunakan Screen Sablon dan dilapisi dengan Kain Kasa agar setelah kering tidak menempel di cetakan, kemudian dijemur dibawah Sinar Matahari



Pulp yang telah kering dengan menggunakan Sinar Matahari