DETERMINING FACTORS OF THE QUALITY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PALEMBANG CITY

by Evada Dewata

Submission date: 25-Dec-2020 12:10AM (UTC+1030)

Submission ID: 1481097445 **File name:** 12.pdf (713.88K)

Word count: 9402

Character count: 54236

 $See \ discussions, stats, and \ author \ profiles \ for \ this \ publication \ at: \ https://www.researchgate.net/publication/321106035$

DETERMINING FACTORS OF THE QUALITY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PALEMBANG CITY

Confere	nce Paper · November 2017	
CITATION	S	READS
0		198
5 autho	rs, including:	
	Evada dewata	
	Sriwijaya State Polytechnic	
	13 PUBLICATIONS 2 CITATIONS	
	SEE PROFILE	
Some o	the authors of this publication are also working on these related projects:	
Project	Pengaruh Board Size dan Kualitas Audit Terhadap Nilai Perusahaan Tamba	ng Batubara yang Terdaftar Di Bei View project

All content following this page was uploaded by Evada dewata on 16 November 2017.

The user has requested enhancement of the downloaded file.

DETERMINING FACTORS OF THE QUALITY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PALEMBANG CITY

Evada Dewata¹ eva.da@yahoo.com

Ardiyan Natoen²

Hadi Jauhari³

Yuliana Sari4

Siti Johanne Hartiyani⁵

12,3,4,5 State Polytechnic of Sriwijaya

Abstract

The study was based on the success of Local Government of Palembang in Indonesia for seven consecutive years since 2010 until 2016 gaining Unqualified Opinion. The study aimed to know the determining factors of the implementation of Government Accounting Standard and the Quality of Local Government Financial Statement. The study was conducted by 50 Regional Organization of Palembang. Sampling was done by using purposive sampling method. Based on the sampling technique, obtained respondents as much as 150 respondents. The analytical method used in this study used path analysis. The results showed that partially information of technology had no significant effect on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards, house, employee competence and the internal control system have a significant positive effect on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards. The internal control system partially had no significant effect on the quality of Local Government Financial Statements, while employee competence, information of technology and the implementation of Government Accounting Standard had a significant positive effect on the quarty of Local Government Financial Statements. Simultaneously, employee competence, information of technology, and the internal control system could affect the implementation of Government Accounting Standard so that could improve the quality of Local Government Financial Statements.

Keywords: Quality of Government Financial Report, Competence, Government Accounting Standards, Internal Control System

INTRODUCTION

Based on Law no. 23 of 2014 on Regional Government and Law no. 33 of 2004 on the Fiscal Balance between Central and Regional Governments, each region throughout Indonesia is authorized to administer its own regional affairs. The implication of the change of centralized government system into decentralization is every region is expected to be more effective and efficient in regulating the potential of each region, especially in the economic field. Follow up on the granting of such authority, the Regional Government is required to report any activities and the financial statement as set forth in Gov 23 ment Regulation no. 71 of 2010 on Government Accounting Standards, which are relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable.

quality of local government financial statements can be reflected from the results of the examination of the Supreme Audit Board. An examination of the financial statements is conducted to determine whether the financial statements presented by the local government have been disclosed in a reasonable and qualified, and the Supreme Audit Board will issue an opinion which is the result of an assessment of the quality of local government financial statement. According to Law Number 15 Year 2004, there are four types Opinions given by the State Audit Board of the Republic of Indonesia on the Inspection of Government Financial Statements namely, Unqualified Opinion (UO), Qualified Opinion (QO), Adverse Opinion (AO) and Disclaimer Opinion (DO). Unqualified Opinion is the highest opinion indicating that the financial statements have been prepared in a reasonable and qualified way. Audit results at a laso a reflection in the implementation of Government Accounting Standards in the preparation of Local Government Financial Statements concerned.

Based on the Highlights of Supreme Audit Board Report, the Local Government of Palembang among the 18 Local Governments within the scope of South Sumatra Province is the only one who received unqualified opinion for seven years from 2010 to 2016 (www.bpkp.go.id, 2017). Head of the Supreme Audit Board of South Sumatera Provincial Representative, Maman Abdurrahman stated that "the assessment of opinion is given based on the compliance of the Local Government of Palembang in preparing the financial statements based on existing rules" (www.mediaindonesia.com, 2017). Inspection of Financial Statements covers the examination of mpliance rules that are guided by the applicable accounting standards, even the implementation of the Internal Control System is run. The preparation of qualified financial reports depends on how well transactions are recorded in accordance with Government Accounting Standards, employee mpleones, the availability of facilities such as information technology and the implementation of the Internal Control System.

peterminants that allegedly affect the quality of financial statements is the implementation of Government Accounting Standards in the preparation of Local Government of Palembang financial statements. The preparation of the financial statements is expected to be guided by the product standards, namely Government Accounting Standards as described in Government Regulation no. 71 of 2010. Government Accounting Standards govern the preparation of financial statements and recognition of assets, investments, liabilities to how to correct errors in recording transactions. Local Government of Palembang through the asset part of the Local Secretariat of Palembang disclose the results of the data showing the fact that the threat of poor assets owned by the Local Government of Palembang will almost disappear. Head of Sub-Division of Assets and Supplies of Palembang City Government, Rahman said "from 500 assets owned only 280 recorded in the asset. This is because hundreds of assets are still administrative flaws. Starting from not having a certificate of ownership, has not been processed behind the name until no one pocketed a letter that shows proof of assets. Indicators, the Regional Organizations reporting related assets owned by each Regional Organization are still less effective "(www.penasumatera.co.id, 2016). Chief Representative of Supergisory and Development Supervisory Board, IGB Surya Negara when presenting Accrual-Based Government Accounting Standards material, stated that the implementation of Accrual-Based Government Accounting Standards is not easy, it needs the strong commitment from local leaders and qualified personnel is a priority for Accrual-Based Government Accounting Standards can be done. If the employee who runs the accounting system has a competence that qualified, then the implementation of accounting functions can run well and accounting information will have a good quality as well. (www.bpkp.go.id, 2014). Nurlis and Yadiati (2017) revealed that Employee Competence has a significant positive effect on the quality of local government financial statements. This opinion is also supported by Edriani (2017), Darwanis et al. (2016), Simon et al. (2016), Agung and Winarningsih (2015), Zahara (2015), Setiyawati (2013), and Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) who voiced similarly that the Local Government Financial Statements will be more qualified if their employees have competent skills. Conflicting opinions submitted by Syarifudin (2014) that the employee competence does not contribute to the increase or decrease the quality of Local Government Financial Statements. Employee competence declared by Munandar (2016) and Pituringsih (2015) as one of the factors influencing the readiness of applying of Government Accounting Standard so that it will have an impact on improving the quality of the financial statement.

The increasing widespread use of information technology allows the involvement of utilization of information technology in determining the quality of local government financial statements. Procedures of revenues and expenditures for Local Government which now began to involve the role of technology capable of assisting employees in carrying out accounting functions so that financial

reporting can be done on time. Haza (2015), Hertati (2015), Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) and Delanno and Deviani (2013) suggest that the greater the information technology utilized in the process of preparing the financial statements will improve the quality of the financial statements themselves. Conflicting opinion is expressed by Nurlis and Yadiati (2017), Suwanda (2015) and Pramudiarta (2015) that the utilization of information technology has no effect on the quality of financial statements. Utilization of information technology is also a factor that can affect the implementation of International Public Sector Accounting Standard as accounting standards in force in Kenya as disclosed by Hamisi (2012). Munandar (2016) and Pituringsih (2015) said that the utilization of Information Technology can be a determinant in the readiness of applying Government Accounting Standards, although Fitrizal (2017) stated otherwise that information system as one part in the utilization of information technology has no significant effect. Supreme Audit Board underscores that with the strong foundation of the internal content system will contribute to improving the quality of financial statements. The Internal Control System also covers the efforts of the Local Government in following up the recommendations of the Supreme Audit Board as well as the completeness of administrative services to the public. Supreme Audit Agency warned 11 local governments including the Local Government of Palembang not to neglect the results of the investigation and follow-up of the Supreme Audit Board audit results within 60 days (www.detiksumsel.com, 2016). As a third factor that can determine the quality of Local Government Financial Statements, Afiah and Azwari (2015), Kasim (2015), Zahara (2015), Rismawati et al. (2015) and Udiyanti et al. (2014) states the same results in their research, that the Internal Control System gives a significant positive effect on improving the quality of financial statements. Opposing opinions are expressed by Latifah (2017), Nurlis and Yadiati (2017), Simon et al. (2016), Savanda (2015), Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) and Setiyawati (2013) stating that the Internal Control System does not affect the quality of Local Government Financial Reports, and Yendrawati (2016) concludes that the quality of Local Government Financial Statements will be better if Internal Control System is running lower. Dewi et al. (2017) concluded

The preparation of the financial statements must also be in accordated with Government Accounting Standards as the official guide to reporting on an important role in determining the quality of Local Government Financial Reports produced. Wibawa (2017) revealed that the implementation of Government Accounting Standards has a significant positive effect on the quality of local government financial statements. This opinion is also supported by Edriani (2017), Erin (2016), and Putra (2015) who voiced similarly that the Local

that the Internal Control System cargo etermine the successful implementation of Government Accounting Standards in the preparation of financial accountability

reports.

Government Financial Report will be more qualified if the implementation of Government Accounting Standards has been executed appropriately. Conflicting opinions are given by Fikri and Biana (2015) and Suwanda (2015) that the implementation of Government Accounting Standards does not contribute to the increase or decrease in the quality of Local Government Financial Statements.

There is still a significant research gap between the research and the achievement of Local Government of Palembang in maintaining Unqualified Opinion (UO), it interesting to examine the influence of employee competence, utilization of information technology, and Internal significant of Government Accounting Standards and its implication to the quality of local government financial statements Palembang city. This study aims to determine the effect of employee competence, utilization of information technology and Internal Control System on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards either partially or simultaneously and the implications to the quality of Local Government Financial Statements. The benefits of this research for the institution that can be a source of information, as well as for further researchers can be a source of reference in discussing more the determinants of the quality of Local Government Financial Statements.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Effect of Employee Competence, Utilization of Information Technology, and Internal Control System to the Implementation of Government Accounting Standards

Definition of employee competence, as stated in Government Regulation no. 11 the year 2017 on Civil Servant Management mentioned that Technical Competence is knowledge, skill, and attitude-behavior that can be observed, measured, and developed that specific related to the technical field of position.

Employee competence is expected in accordance with the position, main tasks, and work functions. Employee competence declared by Munandar (2016) and Pituringsih (2015) as one of the factors influencing the readiness of applying of Government Accounting Standard so that it will have an impact on improving the quality of the financial statement.

Utilization of information technology is the use of the computer, software, and other similar things in an optimal manner. Information technology includes computers (mainframe, mini, micro), software (software), databases, networks (internet, intranet), electronic commerce, and other types related to technology (Wilkinson et al, 2000).

The use of such information technology as the optimal use of computers and software will have an impact on faster transaction processing and the calculation will also have a high degree of secrecy so that it will lead to improved quality of

financial reporting more reliably because the use of technology will reduce the errors that are material concerned (Primayana, et al, 2014).

Utilization of information technology is also a factor that can affect the implementation of International Public Sector Accounting Standard as accounting standards in force in Kenya as disclosed by Hamisi (2012). Munandar (2016) and Pituringsih (2015) said that the utilization of Information Technology can be a determinant in the readiness of applying Government Accounting Standards, although Fitrizal (2017) stated otherwise that information system as one part in the utilization of information technology has no significant effect.

Internal control by Government Regulation Number 71 Year 2010 on Guidelines for Regional Financial Management is a process designed to provide adequate about the achievement of local government objectives as reflected in the reliability of financial statements, efficiency, and effectiveness of the implementation of programs and activities and compliance with laws and regulations.

Elements of Internal Control System in Government Regulation Number 60 the year 2008 about Government Internal Control System includes control environment, risk assessment, information and communication, control activities, and monitoring Dewi et al. (2017) concluded that the Internal Control System can determine the successful implementation of Government Accounting Standards in the preparation of financial accountability reports.

Therefore, the hypothesis is proposed as follows:

- H₁: Employee Competence significantly effect the Implementation of Government Accounting Standards.
- H₂: Utilization of Information Technology significantly effect the Implementation of Government Accounting Standards.
- H₃: Internal Control System significantly effect the Implementation of Government Accounting Standards.
- H₄: Employee Competence, Utilization of Information Technology, and Internal Control System significantly effect the Implementation of Government Accounting Standards.

Iffect of Employee Competence, Utilization of Information Technology,
Internal Control System and the Implementation of Government Accounting
Standard to the Quality of Financial Statement

International Federation of Accountants (2014) in IAESB: Handbook of International Education Pronouncements, defines the following competencies:

"Competence is defined as the ability to perform a work role to a defined standard with reference to working environments. To demonstrate competence in a role, a professional accountant must 28

possess the necessary (a) professional knowledge, (b) professional skills, and (c) professional values, ethics, and attitudes ". (p.11)

Nurlis and Yadini (2017) revealed that Employee Competence has a significant positive effect on the quality of local government financial statements. This opinion is also supported by Edriani (2017), Darwanis et al. (2016), Simon et al. (2016), Agung and Winarningsih (2015), Zahara (2015), Setiyawati (2013), and Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) who voiced similarly that the Local Government Financial Statements will be more qualified if their employees have competent skills. Conflicting opinions submitted by Syarifudin (2014) that employee competence does not contribute to the increase or decrease the quality of Local Government Financial Statements. With regard to the effect of information technology utilization on the quality of financial statements, it is obvious from the very beginning of the budgeting process to the accountability of the financial statements. Istianingsih and Wijanto (2008) have also proved that the use of information technology in accounting can affect the satisfaction of users of financial statements because of the quality, speed, and accuracy of data contained in the relevant financial statements.

The more widespread use of information technology may be the involvement of the use of information technology in determining the quality of local government financial statements as disclosed by Haza (2015), Hertati (2015), Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) and Delanno and Deviani (2013). This suggests that the greater the information technology utilized in the process of preparing the financial statements will improve the quality of the financial statements themselves. Conflicting opinion is expressed by Nurlis and Yadiati (2017), Suwanda (2015) Pramudiarta (2015) that the utilization of information technology has no effect on the quality of financial statements.

Internal control by Regulation of the Minister of Home Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia Number 21 Year 2011 on Guidelines for Regional Financial Management is a process designed to provide adequate assurance about the achievement of local government objectives as reflected in the reliability of financial statements, efficiency, and effectiveness of the implementation of programs and activities and compliance with laws and regulations. Afiah and Azwari (2015), Zahara (2015), Rismawati et 2. (2015) and Udiyanti et al. (2014) states the same results in his research, that the Internal Control System gives a significant positive effect on improving the quality of financial statements. Opposing opinions are expressed by Latifah (2017), Nurlis and Yadiati (2017), Simon et al. (2016), Suwanda (2015), Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) and Setiyawati (2013) stating that the Internal Control System does not affect the quality of pcal Government Financial Reports, and Yendrawati (2016) concludes that the quality of Local Government Financial Statements will be better if Internal Control System is running lower.

The quality of Local Government Financial Statements is related to the Implementation of Government Accounting Standards. Bastian (2010, 137) states that:

"Government Accounting Standards are the accounting principles applied in preparing and presenting the government financial statements so that Government Accounting Standards are requirements that have the power of law in an effort to improve the quality of government financial statements in Indonesia".

Then Nordiawan (2006,25) argues that with the implementation of Government Accounting Standards in the scope of government both central and local governments include departments and agencies and agencies and agencies and are believed to have an impact on improving the quality of financial reporting in central and local government. The statements are also supported by Wibawa (2017) which reveals that the application of Government Accounting Standards has a significant positive effect on the quality of local government financial statements. This opinion is also supported by Edriani (2017), Erin (2016), and Putra (2015) who voiced similarly that the Local Government Financial Statements will be more qualified if the implementation of Government Accounting Standards has been executed appropriately. Conflicting opinions are given by Fikri and Biana (2015) and Suwanda (2015) that the implementation of Government Accounting Standards does not contribute to the increase or decrease in the quality of Local Government Financial Statements.

Therefore, the hypothesis is proposed as follows:

- H₅: Employee Competence significantly effect the Quality of Financial statements.
- H₆: Utilization of Information Technology significantly effect the Quality of Financial Statement.
- H₇: Hernal Control System significantly effect the Quality of Financial Statements.
- H₈: Implementation of Government Accounting Standards significantly effect the Quality of Local Government Financial Statements.
- H₉: Employee Competer y, Utilization of Information Technology, Internal Control System and Implementation of Government Accounting Standards significantly effect the Quality of Financial Statements.

Employee Competency (EMP)

PXX1

| DXX1

| DXX1
| DXX2
| DXX3
| DXX3
| DXX3
| DXX4
| DXX4
| DXX5
| DXX5
| DXX5
| DXX5
| DXX5
| DXX6
| DXX6
| DXX6
| DXX6
| DXX6
| DXX6
| DXX7
| DXX6
| DXX7
| DXX6
| DXX7
| DXX6
| DXX7
| D

Based on the above explanation, the framework in this study is as follows:

METHODS

pes of research

theories through the measurement of research variables with numbers and perform data analysis with statistical procedures. (Muhyiddin, Tarmizi and Yulianita 2017: 26).

Data Collection Technique

The type of data used in this study is the primary data. Data were collected using questionnaires developed based on related dimensions and indicators. Questionnaires distributed to each of the Regional Organizations amounting to 50.

Population and Sample

Population in this research is the entire Regional Organizations of Palembang which amounted to 50 Regional Organizations. Sample selection method used in this research is purposive sampling method, that is sampling conducted based on certain criteria. The criteria of respondents set in this study are Head of Financial Division, Financial Manager of Income and Financial Manager of Expenditure. Questionnaires distributed to each organization after being collected, only returned by 123 (one hundred and twenty-six) pieces. Details of the return of the questionnaire can be seen in Table 1 below.

Table 1. Return of Questionnaire Review

Information	Total
Number of questionnaires distributed	150
Number of questionnaires returned	126
Number of questionnaires used	126
Rate of return of the questionnaire	84%

Source: primary data processed, 2017

The operational definition of research variables
Tabel 2 the following describes the operational definition of research variables.

1	Table 2. Operational Defi	nitio	n of Research V	ariables	
Variable	Definiton		Dimension	No of Quest	Scale
The Quality of Financial Statements (QUA)	The quality of financial statements are normative measures that need to be manifested in accounting information so as to meet its objectives (Nordiawan, 2006: 25)	1. 2. 3. 4.	Relevant Reliable Comparable Understandabl e	1, 2, 3, 4, 5 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 11, 12, 13 14, 15	Ordina 1
The Implement ation of Governme nt	Government Accounting Standards, had inafter abbreviated as GAS, are accounting principles applied in preparing and	 2. 	15 sentation of Financial Statements Budget Realization	16, 17, 18 19, 20, 21, 22	Ordina 1
Accounting Standards (GAS)	presenting government financial statements (Law Government No. 71 tahun 2010)	3.4.	Statement Cash Flow Statement Notes to the Financial	23, 24 25, 26 27, 28	
		5. 6.	Statements Inventory Accounting Investment Accounting	29, 30 31, 32	
		7. 8.	Fixed Assets Accounting Construction in	33, 34	
		9.	Workmanship Accounting Obligations	35, 36	
			Accounting Corrections of Errors	37, 38 39, 40	
		11.	Consolidated Financial	41,42	

			Statements		
Employee Competenc e (EMP)	Technical competence are the knowledge, skills, and	1.	Knowledge	43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48	Ordina 1
(22.22)	attitudes/behaviors that can be observed, measured, and	2.	Skill	49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55	
	developed that are specific related to the technical field of office. (Law Government No. 11 Tahun 2017)	3.	Attitude	56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61	
Informatio	Utilization of	1.	Computer	62, 63, 64,	Ordina
n	information technology			65, 66, 67,	1
Technology	is the use of computer,			68	
Utilization	software and other		_		
(IT)	similar thing in an optimal manner.	2.	Internet	69,70	
42	ilkinson et al: 2000).	18	0 . 1	71 72 72	0 11
Internal	Internal Control System	1.	Control	71, 72, 73,	Ordina
Control	is a process designed to		Environment	74, 75, 76,	1
System	provide reasonable			77 79, 70	
(IAS)	assurance about the	2.	D:-1-	78, 79	
	achievement of local government objectives 23 reflected in the reliability of financial statements, efficiency	3.	Risk Assesment Control Activities	80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86	
	and effectiveness of the			87, 88, 89	
	implementation of				
	programs and activities and compliance with l ₂₉ s and regulations (Regulation of the Minister of Home	4.	Information and Communicato n	90,91,92	
	Affairs No. 21 tahun 2011)	5.	Monitoring		

Data Analysis Technique

The method used is path analysis method, which is a method of composition correlation into different parts to interpret an effect. Testing begins by testing the quality of data through validity and reliability test data.

The results of the tests in Table 3 below, show that the question items for the Quality of Local Government Financial Statement have valid criteria for statement 1-15, the 16th statement will be eliminated in the collection of research data. The valid questionnaire items will be used as research instruments since the r value is

greater when compared to the r_{table} . Question items for the implementation of Government Accounting Standards from questions 1 to question 27, question items for Employee Competency from Question 1 to Question 19, Question items for Utilization of Information Technology from Question 1 to Question 9, and Question items for Internal Control System from Question 1 to Question 22 is valid/fit to be used 293 a research instrument, since the value of r is bigger when compared to r_{tabel} . Based on the results of the classical assumption test, the data obtained has been spread normally and free from problems of heterokedastisitas, multicollinearity and autocorrelation.

The results of validity and reliability testing are as follows:

Table 3. Validity Test Results

Onestie	D					D	D	Informati
		Rcount	mormation	Dimension				Information
		0.513	37-11-1	- Knowstant				Valid
				Knowledge				Valid Valid
								Valid
				-				Valid
				-		_		Valid
				Shill		_		Valid
_				Skiii				Valid
				-				Valid
				-				Valid
_						_		Valid
				-				Valid
_				-				Valid
				Attitude				Valid
				-		_	_	Valid
				-				Valid
				Litilization of I		_	0.771	vand
				Ctirization of I			0.799	Valid
						_		Valid
								Valid
				Computer				Valid
				out the		_		Valid
						_		Valid
						_		Valid
GAS7	0,361	0.767	Valid		IT8	0,361	0.808	Valid
GAS8	0,361	0.937	Valid	Internet	IT9	0,361	0.696	Valid
			Valid	Internal Contr	ol System			
			Valid			0,361	0.611	Valid
	0,361	0.461	Valid		ICS2	0,361	0.601	Valid
GAS12	0,361	0.747	Valid		ICS3	0,361	0.680	Valid
GAS13	0,361	0.395	Valid		ICS4	0,361	0.662	Valid
GAS14	0,361	0.835	Valid	Environment -	ICS5	0,361	0.692	Valid
GAS 15	0,361	0.587	Valid		ICS6	0,361	0.628	Valid
GAS16	0,361	0.652	Valid		ICS7	0,361	0.799	Valid
GAS17	0,361	0.802	Valid	Risk	ICS8	0,361	0.777	Valid
GAS 18	0,361	0.845	Valid	Assesment	ICS9	0,361	0.737	Valid
GAS 19	0,361	0.813	Valid		ICS10	0,361	0.901	Valid
GAS20	0,361	0.791	Valid		ICS11	0,361	0.870	Valid
GAS21	0,361	0.915	Valid] [ICS12	0,361	0.638	Valid
GAS22	0,361	0.683	Valid		ICS13	0,361	0.876	Valid
GAS23	0,361	0.758	Valid	Activities	ICS14	0,361	0.787	Valid
GAS24	0,361	0.758	Valid		ICS15	0,361	0.805	Valid
GAS25	0,361	0.709	Valid		ICS16	0,361	0.737	Valid
GAS26	0,361	0.635	Valid	Information	ICS17	0,361	0.576	Valid
GAS27	0,361	0.683	Valid	dan	ICS18	0,361	0.918	Valid
petence					ICS19	0,361	0.849	Valid
EMP1	0,361	0.608	Valid		ICS20	0,361	0.737	Valid
EMP2	0,361	0.735	Valid	Monitoring	ICS21	0,361	0.675	Valid
	QUA1 QUA2 QUA3 QUA4 QUA5 QUA6 QUA7 QUA8 QUA9 QUA10 QUA11 QUA12 QUA 13 QUA 14 QUA 15 QUA 16 GAS1 GAS2 GAS3 GAS4 GAS5 GAS6 GAS7 GAS8 GAS9 GAS10 GAS11 GAS12 GAS13 GAS14 GAS15 GAS16 GAS17 GAS18 GAS19 GAS17 GAS18 GAS19 GAS19 GAS17 GAS18 GAS19 GAS20 GAS21 GAS20 GAS21 GAS22 GAS23 GAS24 GAS25 GAS26 GAS27 petence	Principle Prin	Question R _{table} R _{count} Financial Statements QUA1 0.361 0.512 QUA2 0.361 0.578 QUA4 0.361 0.585 QUA5 0.361 0.633 QUA6 0.361 0.515 QUA7 0.361 0.541 QUA8 0.361 0.829 QUA9 0.361 0.873 QUA10 0.361 0.600 QUA11 0.361 0.560 QUA12 0.361 0.510 QUA13 0.361 0.866 QUA14 0.361 0.568 QUA15 0.361 0.568 QUA14 0.361 0.568 QUA15 0.361 0.568 QUA15 0.361 0.357 Cation of Gov=ment Accounting States GAS1 0.361 0.750 GAS2 0.361 0.759 GAS2 0.361 0.845 GAS3 0.361 0.845 GAS4 0.361	Question R _{table} R _{count} Information Financial Statements QUA1	Properties Pro	Provincial Statements	Question R _{table} R _{count} Information Dimension Question R _{table} Financial Statements QUA1 0.361 0.512 Valid EMP4 0.361 QUA2 0.361 0.592 Valid EMP6 0.361 QUA3 0.361 0.585 Valid EMP7 0.361 QUA5 0.361 0.633 Valid EMP8 0.361 QUA6 0.361 0.515 Valid EMP9 0.361 QUA7 0.361 0.541 Valid EMP10 0.361 QUA9 0.361 0.873 Valid EMP12 0.361 QUA10 0.361 0.873 Valid EMP13 0.361 QUA11 0.361 0.510 Valid EMP15 0.361 QUA12 0.361 0.570 Valid EMP17 0.361 QUA14 0.361 0.357 Tidak Valid EMP18 0.361 QUA15 0.361 0.357	Question R _{table} R _{count} Information Dimension Question R _{table} R _{count} Financial Statements Valid 1 September 1 EMP4 0.361 0.673 QUA1 0.361 0.592 Valid EMP6 0.361 0.791 QUA2 0.361 0.578 Valid EMP7 0.361 0.672 QUA3 0.361 0.633 Valid EMP8 0.361 0.632 QUA5 0.361 0.515 Valid EMP9 0.361 0.829 QUA7 0.361 0.541 Valid EMP10 0.361 0.829 QUA8 0.361 0.829 Valid EMP12 0.361 0.719 QUA11 0.361 0.873 Valid EMP12 0.361 0.719 QUA11 0.361 0.873 Valid EMP12 0.361 0.782 QUA11 0.361 0.873 Valid EMP12 0.361 0.782 QU

Source: primary data that is processed, 2017

Table 4. Reliability Test Results

Variables	Cronbach's Alpha	Information
The Quality of Financial Statements	0.926	Reliable
The Implementation of Government Accounting Standards	0.968	Reliable
Employee Competence	0.766	Reliable
Utilization of Information Technology	0.915	Reliable
Internal Control System	0.965	Reliable

Source: primary data processed, 2017

Based on the results of the reliability test in Table 4, Cronbach's Alpha value of the quality of Local Government Financial Statements of 0.926, the variable of the implementation of Government Accounting Standard of 0.968, the variable of Human Resource Competence of 0.766, the variable of Information Technology Utilization of 0.915, and Internal Control System of 0.965 so it can be concluded that all statements in the questionnaire are reliable because they have Cronbach's Alpha value more than 0.7. This indicates that each statement item used will be able to obtain consistent data which means that if the statement is filed back will be obtained the answer is relatively the same as the previous answer.

FINDINGS

The results of testing of all hypotheses proposed in this study are:

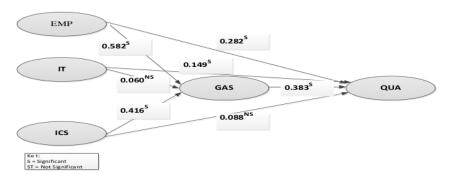


Figure 2. Full Model_Fit Path Analysis Diagram

Effect of Employee Compton ence, Utilization of Information Technology, and Internal Control System to the Implementation of Government Accounting Standards

The result of figure 2 shows that employee competency variable has an effect on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards. The value of t_{count} or

estimate is 5 ositive indicating that the effect is positive. In addition, from the results of statistical tests p-value of 0.000. < 0.05 and from the result of comparison between $t_{count} = 6,439 > t_{table} = 1,980$ means that the increase of employee competency will be followed by the improvement of Government Accounting Standard and vice versa decreasing employee competence will result in decreasing the implementation of Government Accounting Standards. The direction of the positive regression coefficient indicates a tendency that the financial officers in each Regional Organizations have the awareness to perform the tasks according to their ability. Means **hypothesis 1** in this study which states that "there is a significant influence of competence of employees on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards" **accepted**.

The results of this study support Munandar (2016) and Pizzringsih (2015) research which states that employee competence is one of the factors affecting the readiness of applying Government Accounting Standards, meaning that the more competent the resources are placed, the implementation of Government Accounting Standards becomes more optimal.

The results of the analysis in figure 2 show that the variable of Information Technology Utilization has no effect on Government Accounting Standards. The value of t_{count} or estimate integrative indicating that the effect is negative. In addition, from the results of statistical tests p-value of 0.312. > 0.05 and from the result of comparison between $t_{count} = -1.016 < t_{table} = 1,980$ means that the increase of Information Technology Utilization will be followed by decrease of Government Accounting Standard and the decrease of Utilization of Information Technology will result in the increase of Government Accounting Standard. The direction of negative regression coefficient indicates a tendency that employees in each Regional Organization have less awareness to utilize existing technology facilities, and there are still some sectors where technological facilities are inadequate. The absence of influence of the utilization of information technology is seen from the research data showing the low average of employees who utilize information technology in financial implementation in each Regional Organization. Means hypothesis 2 in this study which states that "there is a significant influence of the use of information technology on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards" was rejected.

The results of this study prove the need for efforts to increase training on the use of information technology ranging from new employees to employees with a much longer working period. The results of this study also support research conducted Fitrizal (2017) that there is no significant effect of utilization of information technology on the Implementation of Government Accounting Standards.

The results of the analysis in figure 2 shows the Internal Control System variables effect the implementation of Government Accounting Standards. The value of t_{count} or estimate is positive indicating that the effect is positive. In addition, the

results of statistical tests p-value of 0.000 < 0.05 and from the comparison between the value of $t_{count} = 4.141 > t_{table} = 1.980$ means that t_{18} improvement of Internal Control System will be followed by a increase in the implementation of Government Accounting Standards and give versa the decline of the Internal Control System will result in a decline in the implementation of Government Accounting Standards. The direction of the positive regression coefficient indicates a tendency that financial officers in each Regional Organization have an awareness of running an appropriate Internal Control System in regulating activities in each Regional Organization. Means **hypothesis 3** in this study which states that "there is a significant effect Internal Control System on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards" accepted.

The results of this study study ort research from Dewi et al. (2017) stating that the Internal Control System is one of the factors affecting the readiness of the implementation of Government Accounting Standards, meaning that the better the Internal Control System run, then the implementation of Government Accounting Standards become more optimal.

The test results simultaneously on the influence of employee competence, utilization of information technology and internal control system on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards are as follows:

Table 5. ANOVA^b

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	11.568	3	3.856	132.986	.000ª
	Residual	3.131	108	.029		
	Total	14.699	111			

a. Predictors: (Constant), ICS, IT, EMP

b. Dependent Variable: GAS

Source: Output SPSS version 18

The results of the analysis in Table 5 show that the F-value of the estimate is positive indicating that the effect is positive. In addition, from the results of statistical tests p-value value of 0.000 < 0.05 and from the results of comparison between the value of $F_{count} = 132,986 > F_{table} = 2.68$ means the influence Employee Competencies, Utilization of Information Technology, and Internal Control System can improve the implementation of Government Accounting Standards. Local Government of Palembang should continue to improve and dig again with teaching, training or explanations of Government Accounting Standards. Local Government of Palembang should continue to pay attention to the quality of its employees, optimizing the utilization of information technology in financial

implementation and monitor the running of Internal Control System in each Regional Organization. Means **hypothesis 4** in this study which states that "there is a significant effect of employee competence, utilization of information technology and Internal Control System on the implementation of Government According Standards" accepted.

The results of this study are in line with the results of Munandar (2016) and Pituringsih (2015) research which states that the competence of employees and the utilization of Information Technology as one of the factors influencing the readiness of applying Government Accounting Standards. Dewi et al. (2717) also concluded that the Internal Control System can determine the successful implementation of Government Accounting Standards in the preparation of financial accountability reports.

Internal Control System and the Implementation of Government Accounting Standard to the Quality of Financial Statement

The results of analysis in figure 2 shows the employee competency variables affect the Quality of Financial Statements. The value of t_{count} or estimate is positive indicating that the effect is positive. In addition, from the results of statistical tests p-value of 0.014. <0.05 and from result of comparison between t_{count} = 2,495> t_{table} = 1,980 means that the increase of employee competency will be followed by improvement of Quality of Financial Statements and vice versa decrease in employee competence will result in decreasing quality of financial report. The direction of the positive regression coefficient indicates a tendency that the financial officers in each Regional Organization have an awareness to perform the task in preparing the financial statements based on rules/guidelines applicable according to their ability. Means hypothesis 5 in this study which states that "there is a significant effect of employee competence on the Quality of mancial Statements" accepted.

The results of this study support the results of this study support the results of this study support the received by Nurlis and Yadiati (2017) revealed that the Employee Competence have a significant positive effect on the quality of local government financial statements. This opinion is also supported by Edriani (2017), Darwanis et al. (2016), Simon et al. (2016), Agung and Winarningsih (2015), Zahara (2015), Setiyawati (2013), and Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) who voiced similarly that the Local Government Financial Statements will be more qualified if their employees have competent skills.

The results of the analysis in figure 2 shows the variables utilization of Information Technology affect the quality of financial statements. The value of t_{count} or estimate is positive indicating that the effect is positive. In addition, from the results of statistical tests p-value of 0.021. <0,05 and from result of comparison between $t_{count} = 2,351 > t_{table} = 1,980$ means that the increase of Information Technology Utilization will be followed by improvement of Quality

of Financial Report and on the contrary decrease of Utilization of Information Technology will decrease Quality of Financial Staetements. Direction of positive regression coefficient indicates the tendency that the employees in each Regional Organization in processing financial transaction data using software in accordance with legislation that is Local Financial Accounting System. Means hypothesis 6 in this study which states that "there is a significant effect of the utilization of the interpretation of Information Technology on the Quality of Financial Statements" accepted.

The results of this study support the research by Haza (2015), Hertati (2015), Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) and Delanno and Deviani (2013) which suggest that the greater the information and Deviani (2013) which suggest that the greater the information and Deviani (2013) which suggest that the greater the information and Deviani (2013) which suggest that the greater the information will improve the quality of the financial statements will improve the quality of the financial statements themselves. Thus from the results of hypothesis 6 can be known efforts to improve the Quality of Financial Statements can be through improving the ability of employees in operating information systems through various training or socialization of the system used, and continuously update the facilities provided to each Regional Organization in the form of computers and network upgrades.

The result of the analysis in figure 2 shows the Internal Control System variables have no effect on the Quality of Financial Statements. The value of t_{count} or estimate is positive indicating that the effect is positive. In addition, from the results of statistical tests p-value of 0.444. > 0.05 and from result of comparison between $t_{count} = 0.768 < t_{tabel} = 1.980$ means that the improvement of Internal Control System will not be followed by improvement of Quality of Financial Statement and on the contrary decreasing of Internal Control System will not decrease Quality of Financial Statement. The direction of the positive regression coefficient indicates a tendency that the employees in each Regional Organization already have awareness to run Internal Control System, but not accompanied by the illustration of the implementation of Internal Control System that has not been optimal.

From 47 he results of research at Regional Organization of Palembang showed that the internal control system has no effect on the quality of local financial statements. This is likely to occur because the internal control system is not maximized, all Regional Organization leaders have not done the examination for the accounting records maximally. Means **hypothesis 7** in this study which states that "there is a significant effect Internal Control System to the Quality of formatical Statements" **rejected**.

The results of this study proves the need for efforts to improve the imagementation of Internal Control System from lower level employees to upper management. The results of this study also support research conducted by Latifah (2017), Nurlis and Yadiati (2017), Simon et al. (2016), Suwanda (2015), Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) and Setiyawati (2013) which stating that the Internal Control System does not affect the quality of Local Government Financial Statements.

The results of the analysis in figure 2 shows the variables of the Implementation of Government Accounting Standards affecting the Quality of Financial Statements. The value of t_{count} or estimate is positive indicating that the effect is positive. In addition, from the results of statistical tests p-value of 0.000. < 0,05 and from the result of comparison between t_{count} = 3,756> t_{table} = 1,980 means that the increase of implementation of Government Accounting Standard will be followed by improvement of Quality of Financial Statement and the decreasing of implementation of Government Accounting Standard will decrease Quality of Financial Statement. The direction of the positive regression coefficient indicates a tendency that the employees in each Regional Organization in recording each transaction in accordance with the planned activities have been referring and guided by Government Accounting Standards as a guideline in accordance with Government Regulation no. 71 the year 2010. Means hypothesis 8 in this study which states that "there is a significant effect of implementation of Government Accounting Standards on Quality of Financial Statements" accepted.

The results of this study support the study by Wibawa (2017) which revealed that the implementation of Government Accounting Standards has a significant positive effect on the quality of local government financial statements. This opinion is also supported by Edriani (2017), Erin (2016), and Putra (2015) who voiced similarly that the Local Government Financial Statement will be more qualified if the implementation of Government Accounting Standards has been cuted appropriately. Thus from the results of hypothesis 8 can be known efforts to improve the Quality of Financial Statements can be through optimizing the application of Government Accounting Standards in recording and acknowledging every transaction performed by each Regional Organization includes recording assets, liabilities, investments, and preparation of financial statements required.

The results of a simultaneous test of the effect of employee competence, utilization of information technology, and the implementation of Government Accounting Standards to the quality of Local Government Financial Statements are as a lows:

Table 6. ANOVAb

Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	10.323	4	2.581	79.096	.000a
	Residual	3.491	107	.033		
	Total	13.814	111			

a. Predictors: (Constant), GAS, IT, ICS, EMP

b. Dependent Variable: QUA

Sumber: Output SPSS version 18

The results of the analysis in Table 6 show that the F_{count} or estingte is positive indicating that the effect is positive. In addition, the results of the statistical tests p-value of 0.000 < 0.05 and the results of the comparison between the value of $F_{hitung} = 79.096 > F_{table} = 2.45$ means the effect Employee Competence, Utilization of Information Technology, Internal Control Systems and implementation of Government Accounting Standards can improve the Quality of Financial Statements. Local Government of Palembang should continue to improve and dig again with teaching, training or explanations of Government Accounting Standards. Local Government of Palembang should continue to pay attention to the quality of its employees, optimizing the utilization of information technology in financial implementation and monitor the running of Internal Control System in each Regional Organization. Means hypothesis 9 in this study which states that "there is a significant influence of employee competence, utilization of information technology, Internal Control System and implementation of Government Accounting Standards on Quality of Financial Statements" accepted. The results of this study in line with the result of research Nurlis and Yadiati (2017) revealed that the Employee Competence have a significant positive effect on the quality of local government financial statements. This opinion is also supported by Edriani (2017), Darwanis et al. (2016), Simon et al. (2016), Agung and Winarningsih (2015), Zahara (2015), Setiyawati (2013), and Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) who voiced similarly that the Local Government Financial Statements will be more qualified if their employees have competent skills. Haza (2015), Hertati (2015), Nuryanto and Afiah (2013) and Delanno and Deviani (2013) suggesting that the greater the information sechnology utilized in the process of preparing the financial statements will improve the quality of the financial statements themselves. Afiah and Azwari (2015), Zahara (2015), Rismawati et al. (2015) and Udiyanti et al. (2014) states the same results in his research, that the Internal Control System gives a significant positive effect on improving the quality of financial statements. Wibawa (2017) revealed that the implementation of Government Accounting Standards has a significant positive effect on the quality of local government financial statements. This opinion is also supported by Edriani (2017), Erin (2016), and Putra (2015) who voiced similarly that the Local Government Financial Report will be more qualified if the implementation of Government Accounting Standards has been executed appropriately.

CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results and discussion, it can be concluded that:

Partially, the utilization of Information Technology has no significant effect on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards. While employee

competence and Internal Control System have a significant positive effect on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards. Simulation neously, the employee competence, utilization of Information Technology and Internal Control System have a significant positive effect on the implementation of Government Accounting Standards

Partially, Internal Control System has no significant effect on Quality of Local Government Financial Statement. While the employee competence, utilization of Information Technology, and implementation of Government Accounting Standards have a significant positive effect on the Quality of Local Government Financial Statements. Simultaneously, employee competence, utilization of Information Technology, Internal Control System and implementation of Government Accounting Standard have a significant positive effect on Quality of Local Government Financial Statement.

Suggestions

This research is only done on the scope of the Local Government of Palembang so that the results of research cannot be generalized to other regions in Indonesia. Therefore the next researcher is expected to expand the scope of the research and also can analyze the data from the auditor's point view.

This research does not fully explain about the Implementation of Government Accounting Standards and the Quality of Financial Statement so it is expected for the next researcher to examine other factors including local financial supervision, the role of the internal auditor, facilities and infrastructure, accounting comprehension, and others.

REFERENCES

- Afiah, N. N., & Azwari, P. C. (2015). The Effect of Implementation of Government Internal Control System (GICS) on the Quality of Local Government Financial Reporting and Its Impact on Good Governance Principles: Research in Regency, City and Provincial Government of South Sumatera. Procedia-Social Sciences and Behavior, 211, 811-818.
- Agung, M., & Winarningsih, S. (2015). Effect of Auditor Competency Tools and Internal Control on Local Government Financial Reporting Quality. European Journal of Accounting, Auditing and Finance Research, 4 (7), 113-127.
- Bastian, I. 2010. Public Sector Accounting. Third Edition .. Jakarta: Erland.
- Darwanis, D., Saputra, M., & Kartini, K. (2016). Influence of Professionalism, Competence, Knowledge of Financial Management, and Intensity of Guidance of Quality Inspectorate Apparatus of Financial Report (Study at Inspectorate / City District in Aceh). BRAND. Extensive Research in Accounting, Negotiation, and Distribution, 7 (1), 28-36.

- Delanno, G. F., & Deviani, D. (2013). Effect of Human Resource Capacity, IT Utilization and Financial Supervision on Value of Local Government Financial Reporting Information. Wahana Accounting Research, 1 (1).
- Dewi, L. D. S., Purnamawati, I. G. A., Herawati, N. T., & AK, S. (2017). Effect of Human Resource Quality, Organizational Commitment, and Internal Control System on Implementation of Accrual Based Government Accounting Standards (Empirical Study at Bangli Device Work Unit). JIMAT (Journal of Professional Sciences Journal S1), 7 (1).
- Edriani, D. (2017). The Effect of Implementation of Accounting Standards Governance And Human Resources To The Quality Of Financial Statements In The Secretary Of The State Council Office Of Padang City. Journal of Socio-Economic Research of UNES, 2 (1), 31-41.
- Erin, O., Okoye, L. U., Modebe, N. J., & Ogundele, O. (2016). International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Adoption And Quality Of Financial Reporting In The Nigerian Public Sector. ESUT Journal of Accountancy, 7 (2), 22-30.
- Fikri, M.A, & Biana, A. D. (2015). The Effect of Implementation of Government Accounting Standards, Competency Apparatus and Role of Internal Audit on Quality Report of Financial Information With Internal Control System as Moderative Variable (Empirical Study on Local Government Work Unit at NTB Provincial Government). National Symposium on Acc, 18.
- Fitrizal, R. (2017). The Influence of Human Resource Quality, Information System And Organizational Commitment To The Implementation Of Accrual Based Government Accounting System (Empirical Study in South Pesisir Regency Work Unit). Journal of Accounting, 5 (1).
- Hamisi, S. (2012). Factors Affecting the Implementation of International Public Sector Accounting Standards in Kenya. Unpublished Master Thesis
- Haza, I. I. (2015). Effect of Information Technology Utilization and Regional Financial Supervision on the Quality of Regional Financial Report (Empirical Study on Working Unit of Local Government of Padang City Government). Accounting Journal, 3 (1).
- Hertati, L. (2015). Competence of Human Resources, The Benefits of Information Technology on Value of Financial Reporting in Indonesia. Research Journal of Finance and Accounting, 6 (8), 12-18.
- International Federation of Accountants (IFAC). (2014). IAESB: Handbook of International Education Pronouncements. New York. http://www.ifac.org/ Retrieved March 1, 2017.
- Istianingsih, & S.H. Wijayanto. (2008). Influence of Quality of Information System, Used Perceived, and Quality of Information Against Satisfaction Software Satisfaction End User. Pontianak: National Symposium on Accounting XI, Page: 1-51
- Latifah, A. (2017). The Effect of Implementation of Government Accounting Standards, Regional Financial Accounting System, Human Resource

- Competency and Internal Control System on Quality of Information on Regional Financial Report (Case Study at Work Unit of Bantul Regency). Accounting Program.
- Muhyiddin, Nurlina T., M. Irfan Tarmizi, Anna Yulianita. (2017). Methodology of Economic and Social Research: Theory, Concept, and Proposal Proposal. Jakarta: Salemba Four.
- Munandar, W. (2016). Effect of Human Resources, Organizational Culture, and Information Technology on Government Readiness in Implementing Accrual Based Government Accounting Standards (Study in SKPA of Aceh Province). ETD Unsyiah
- Nordiawan, D. 2006. Public Sector Accounting. Jakarta: Salemba Four.
- Nurlis, & Yadiati W. (2017). Effect of Effectiveness of Internal Control, Utilization of Information Technology and Human Resource Competence on Quality of Local Government Financial Reporting (SKPD Survey of Banten Provincial Government and Serang City). Journal of Financial and Accounting Research, 8 (12), 111-124.
- Nuryanto, M. & Afiah, N. N. (2013). Impact of Competence of Apparatus, Utilization of Information Technology and Internal Control on Quality of Financial Report (Study at DKI Jakarta-Indonesia Provincial Government). World Review of Business Research, 3 (4), 157-171.
- Government Regulation Number 60 Year 2008 regarding Internal Control System.
- Government Regulation Number 71 Year 2010 concerning Government Accounting Standards.
- Regulation of the Minister of Home Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia Number 21 Year 2011 concerning Guidelines on Regional Financial Management.
- Government Regulation No. 11 of 2017 on the Management of Civil Servants.
- Pituringsih, E. (2015). Factors Affecting Government Readiness Accounting Standards Implementing Accountability and Accountability for Government Institutions Performance (Empirical Study of Dompu District Government). Journal of Actual Accounting, 3 (1).
- Primayana, Kadek Hengki, et al. (2014). The Effect of Human Resource Capacity, Internal Control of Accounting, Utilization of Information Technology, and Local Financial Supervision on Reliability of Local Government Financial Reporting (Study on Buleleng District Government Vol. 2 No. 1 Year 2014.
- Pramudiarta, R., & Juliarto, A. (2015). The Effects of Human Resource Competence, Utilization of Information Technology, and the Internal Control System The Doctoral dissertation, Faculty of Economics and Business).
- Son, B. D., & Amar, S. (2015). The Influence of Human Resource Competence, Application of Government Internal Control System, and Application of Government Accounting Standards to Quality of Padang City Government Financial Report. Journal of Business and Public Management Research, 3 (1).

- Rismawati, K. T., Edy Sujana, S. E., Msi, A. K., Adiputra, I. M. P., & Si, M. (2015). The Effects of Implementation of Government Accounting Standards, Regional Financial Accounting Systems, Human Resource Competence, and Internal Controls on the Quality of Regional Financial Reports (Empirical Study of Regional Work Units of Bangli Regency). JIMAT (Scientific Journal Student Accounting S1), 3 (1).
- Setiyawati, H. (2013). The effect of Internal Accountants 'Competence, Managers' Commitment to Organizations and the Implementation of the Internal Control System on the Quality of Financial Reporting. International Journal of Business and Management Invention, 2 (11.1927).
- Simon, Y., Mas' ud, M., & Su'un, M. (2016). The Role of Apparatus Competence, the Internal Control System on Good Governance and the Quality of Financial Statement Information. Researchers World, 7 (4), 123.
- Suwanda, D. (2015). Factors Affecting Quality of Local Government Financial Statements to Get Unqualified Opinion (WTP) of Audit Board of the Republic of Indonesia (BPK). Research Journal of Finance and Accounting (Paper) ISSN, 2222-2847.
- Syarifudin, A. (2014). Influence of Human Resource Competence and Role of Internal Audit to Quality of Local Government Financial Report with Intervening Variable of Government Internal Control System (empirical study at Kebumen regency). Business Focus: Media Management and Accounting Review, 13 (2).
- Udiyanti, N. L. N. A., Atmadja, A. T., & Darmawan, N. A. S. (2014). The Effects of Implementation of Government Accounting Standards, Internal Control System, and Accounting Staff Competence on the Quality of Local Government Financial Statements (Case Study At Work Unit of Buleleng District). JIMAT (Scientific Journal Student Accounting S1), 2 (1).
- Law of the Republic of Indonesia no. 15 of 2004 on Audit of State Financial Management and Accountability
- Law Number 23 Year 2014 on Regional Government
- Law of the Republic of Indonesia Number 33 Year 2004 regarding Financial Balance between Central and Regional Government.
- Wibawa, K. A. S., Sinarwati, N. K., Yuniarta, G. A., & AK, S. (2017). Factors Affecting the Quality of Local Government Financial Statements at the Regional Device Work Unit of Buleleng Regency. JIMAT (Scientific Journal of Student Accounting S1), 8 (2).
- Wilkinson, Joseph. W. dkk, 2000, "Accounting Information System: Essential Concept Information System". 7th edition Addition-Wesley Publishing Company; Inc.
- Yendrawati, R. (2016). Influence Of Internal Control System And Human Resource Capacity To Financial Information Quality Of Financial Statements With External Factors As Moderating Variables. Indonesian Journal of Accounting and Auditing, 17 (2), 166-175.

Zahara, G. (2015). The influence of Competence Local Government Agencies and The Implementation of Government of Internal Control System to the Quality of Local Government Financial Statement. Research Journal of Finance and Accounting, 6 (11), 138-148.

www.bpkp.go.id accessed on March 10, 2017.

www.mediaindonesia.com accessed on June 15, 2017.

www.penasumatera.co.id accessed on September 19, 2017.

www.detiksumsel.com, accessed on September 19, 2017.

DETERMINING FACTORS OF THE QUALITY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PALEMBANG CITY

ORIGINALITY REPORT

15%

11%

9%

5%

SIMILARITY INDEX IN

INTERNET SOURCES

PUBLICATIONS

STUDENT PAPERS

PRIMARY SOURCES

jurnal.unsyiah.ac.id

1%

Bambang Pamungkas, Cendy Avrian, Reisya Ibtida. "Factors influencing audit findings of the Indonesian district governments' financial statements", Cogent Business & Management, 2019

1%

Publication

Submitted to University of Birmingham
Student Paper

1%

Rindu Rika Gamayuni. "The effect of internal auditor competence and objectivity, and management support on effectiveness of internal audit function and financial reporting quality implications at local government", International Journal of Economic Policy in Emerging Economies, 2018

1%

Publication

<1%

- garuda.ristekdikti.go.id
 Internet Source
- Fangping Gan. "New Achievements of Government Accounting Reform in China "Governmental Accounting Standards—Basic Standards"", Modern Economy, 2016

 Publication

Andi Asirah, Andi Ratna Sari. "The Application of Accounting Standards in Government Accounting Accrual Basis: Health Laboratory Center for Makassar", Business and Economic Research, 2019

Publication

- 9 www.ijntr.org
 Internet Source <1%
- 10 www.adb.org
 Internet Source < 1 %
- ih.advfn.com
 Internet Source

 <1 %
- dosen.univpancasila.ac.id
 Internet Source

 dosen.univpancasila.ac.id
- Submitted to Universitas International Batam
 Student Paper

 < 1 %

14	worldwidescience.org Internet Source	<1%
15	Tjung, Mei Ling. "Performance management system under the progress of decentralization: a comparative study on the role of performance and accrual based information in the development of new public governance", DSpace at Waseda University, 2012. Publication	<1%
16	www.econstor.eu Internet Source	<1%
17	content.sciendo.com Internet Source	<1%
18	repository.unpas.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
19	pt.scribd.com Internet Source	<1%
20	ejournal.uniska-kediri.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
21	eprints.umm.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
22	erepository.uonbi.ac.ke Internet Source	<1%
23	Submitted to Universitas Brawijaya Student Paper	<1%

24	lib.ibs.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
25	Submitted to Victoria University Student Paper	<1%
26	Submitted to Universitas 17 Agustus 1945 Surabaya Student Paper	<1%
27	Submitted to STIE Perbanas Surabaya Student Paper	<1%
28	Submitted to University of Hong Kong Student Paper	<1%
29	Iskandar Muda, Revmianson Naibaho. "Variables influencing allocation of capital expenditure in Indonesia", IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science, 2018 Publication	<1%
30	ejournal.unitomo.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
31	pdfs.semanticscholar.org Internet Source	<1%
32	doaj.org Internet Source	<1%
33	ejurnal.id Internet Source	<1%

.74	Submitted to University of Leicester Student Paper	<1%
	www.mdpi.com Internet Source	<1%
.30	core.ac.uk Internet Source	<1%
. 7 /	WWW.sec.gov Internet Source	<1%
38	Submitted to School of Business and Management ITB Student Paper	<1%
	Submitted to Taibah University Student Paper	<1%
40	Submitted to iGroup Student Paper	<1%
41	www.coursehero.com Internet Source	<1%
4/	jurnal.unpad.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
4.3	www.aensiweb.net Internet Source	<1%
44	repository.usu.ac.id Internet Source	<1%

45	www.giapjournals.com Internet Source	<1%
46	gacliberia.com Internet Source	<1%
47	digilib.uinsgd.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
48	espace.curtin.edu.au Internet Source	<1%
49	Colin J. Jones. "Accounting Standards—A Blind Alley?", Accounting and Business Research, 1975 Publication	<1%
50	jurnal.fe.umi.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
5051	•	<1 _%
_	iiste.org	<1% <1% <1%
51	iiste.org Internet Source "The International Handbook of Public Financial Management", Springer Science and Business Media LLC, 2013	



Nofianti, Leny, and Novie Susanti Suseno. "Factors Affecting Implementation of Good Government Governance (GGG) and their Implications towards Performance Accountability", Procedia - Social and Behavioral Sciences, 2014.

<1%

Publication



"Public Sector Accounting and Auditing in Europe", Springer Science and Business Media LLC, 2015

<1%

Publication

Exclude quotes

On

Exclude matches

Off

Exclude bibliography

On